

# Formulario

## Elementos de la distribución de frecuencias de una variable cualitativa

Modalidades ( $a_i$ )	$n_i$	$N_i$	$f_i$	$F_i$
$a_1$	$n_1$	$N_1 = n_1$	$f_1 = n_1/N$	$F_1 = f_1 = N_1/N$
$a_2$	$n_2$	$N_2 = n_1 + n_2 = N_1 + n_2$	$f_2 = n_2/N$	$F_2 = f_1 + f_2 = F_1 + f_2 = N_2/N$
$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$
$a_i$	$n_i$	$N_i = n_1 + \dots + n_i = N_{i-1} + n_i$	$f_i = n_i/N$	$F_i = f_1 + \dots + f_i = F_{i-1} + f_i = N_i/N$
$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$
$a_k$	$n_k$	$N_k = n_1 + \dots + n_k = N_{k-1} + n_k = N$	$f_k = n_k/N$	$F_k = f_1 + \dots + f_k = F_{k-1} + f_k = N_k/N = 1$
$\sum_{i=1}^k n_i = N$			$\sum_{i=1}^k f_i = 1$	

## Elementos de la distribución de frecuencias de una variable cuantitativa (no agrupada en intervalos)

Valores ( $x_i$ )	$n_i$	$N_i$	$f_i$	$F_i$
$x_1$	$n_1$	$N_1 = n_1$	$f_1 = n_1/N$	$F_1 = f_1 = N_1/N$
$x_2$	$n_2$	$N_2 = n_1 + n_2 = N_1 + n_2$	$f_2 = n_2/N$	$F_2 = f_1 + f_2 = F_1 + f_2 = N_2/N$
$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$
$x_i$	$n_i$	$N_i = n_1 + \dots + n_i = N_{i-1} + n_i$	$f_i = n_i/N$	$F_i = f_1 + \dots + f_i = F_{i-1} + f_i = N_i/N$
$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$
$x_k$	$n_k$	$N_k = n_1 + \dots + n_k = N_{k-1} + n_k = N$	$f_k = n_k/N$	$F_k = f_1 + \dots + f_k = F_{k-1} + f_k = N_k/N = 1$
$\sum_{i=1}^k n_i = N$			$\sum_{i=1}^k f_i = 1$	

**Elementos de la distribución de frecuencias de una variable cuantitativa (agrupada en intervalos)**

Intervalos ( $L_{i-1} - L_i]$	$n_i$	$N_i$	$f_i$	$F_i$	Marcas de clase ( $x_i$ )	$c_i$	$d_i$
$L_0 - L_1$	$n_1$	$N_1$	$f_1$	$F_1$	$x_1 = (L_0 + L_1)/2$	$c_1 = L_1 - L_0$	$d_1 = n_1/c_1$
$L_1 - L_2$	$n_2$	$N_2$	$f_2$	$F_2$	$x_2 = (L_1 + L_2)/2$	$c_2 = L_2 - L_1$	$d_2 = n_2/c_2$
$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$
$L_{i-1} - L_i$	$n_i$	$N_i$	$f_i$	$F_i$	$x_i = (L_{i-1} + L_i)/2$	$c_i = L_i - L_{i-1}$	$d_i = n_i/c_i$
$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$
$L_{k-1} - L_k$	$n_k$	$N_k = N$	$f_k$	$F_k = 1$	$x_k = (L_{k-1} + L_k)/2$	$c_k = L_k - L_{k-1}$	$d_k = n_k/c_k$
	$\sum_{i=1}^k n_i = N$		$\sum_{i=1}^k f_i = 1$				

**Tabla de correlación**

$x_i \setminus y_j$	$y_1$	...	$y_j$	...	$y_h$	$n_{i.}$
$x_1$	$n_{11}$	...	$n_{1j}$	...	$n_{1h}$	$n_{1.} = n_{11} + \dots + n_{1h}$
$x_2$	$n_{21}$	...	$n_{2j}$	...	$n_{2h}$	$n_{2.} = n_{21} + \dots + n_{2h}$
$\vdots$	$\vdots$		$\vdots$		$\vdots$	$\vdots$
$x_i$	$n_{i1}$	...	$n_{ij}$	...	$n_{ih}$	$n_{i.} = n_{i1} + \dots + n_{ih}$
$\vdots$	$\vdots$		$\vdots$		$\vdots$	$\vdots$
$x_k$	$n_{k1}$	...	$n_{kj}$	...	$n_{kh}$	$n_{k.} = n_{k1} + \dots + n_{kh}$
$n_{.j}$	$n_{.1} = n_{11} + \dots + n_{k1}$	...	$n_{.j} = n_{1j} + \dots + n_{kj}$	...	$n_{.h} = n_{1h} + \dots + n_{kh}$	$\sum_{i=1}^k \sum_{j=1}^h n_{ij} = N$

**Tabla de contingencia**

$a_i \setminus b_j$	$b_1$	...	$b_j$	...	$b_h$	$n_{i.}$
$a_1$	$n_{11}$	...	$n_{1j}$	...	$n_{1h}$	$n_{1.} = n_{11} + \dots + n_{1h}$
$a_2$	$n_{21}$	...	$n_{2j}$	...	$n_{2h}$	$n_{2.} = n_{21} + \dots + n_{2h}$
$\vdots$	$\vdots$		$\vdots$		$\vdots$	$\vdots$
$a_i$	$n_{i1}$	...	$n_{ij}$	...	$n_{ih}$	$n_{i.} = n_{i1} + \dots + n_{ih}$
$\vdots$	$\vdots$		$\vdots$		$\vdots$	$\vdots$
$a_k$	$n_{k1}$	...	$n_{kj}$	...	$n_{kh}$	$n_{k.} = n_{k1} + \dots + n_{kh}$
$n_{.j}$	$n_{.1} = n_{11} + \dots + n_{k1}$	...	$n_{.j} = n_{1j} + \dots + n_{kj}$	...	$n_{.h} = n_{1h} + \dots + n_{kh}$	$\sum_{i=1}^k \sum_{j=1}^h n_{ij} = N$

**Bloque I. Análisis de una variable**

<b>Media aritmética</b>	$\bar{x} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^k x_i n_i$		<b>Rango</b>	$R = \max\{x_1, \dots, x_k\} - \min\{x_1, \dots, x_k\}$
			<b>Recorrido intercuartílico</b>	$R_I = Q_3 - Q_1$
<b>Media aritmética ponderada</b>	$\bar{x}_w = \frac{x_1 w_1 + x_2 w_2 + \dots + x_k w_k}{w}$		<b>Varianza</b>	$S^2 = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^k (x_i - \bar{x})^2 n_i = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^k x_i^2 n_i - \bar{x}^2$
<b>Media de la composición de poblaciones</b>	$\bar{x}_p = \frac{\bar{x}_1 N_1 + \bar{x}_2 N_2 + \dots + \bar{x}_k N_k}{N}$		<b>Desviación típica</b>	$S = +\sqrt{S^2}$
<b>Media geométrica</b>	$\bar{x}_g = \sqrt[N]{x_1^{n_1} \cdots x_k^{n_k}} = (x_1^{n_1} \cdots x_k^{n_k})^{1/N}$		<b>Coeficiente de apertura</b>	$A = \max\{x_1, \dots, x_k\}/\min\{x_1, \dots, x_k\}$
<b>Media armónica</b>	$\bar{x}_a = \frac{N}{\frac{n_1}{x_1} + \frac{n_2}{x_2} + \dots + \frac{n_k}{x_k}}$		<b>Recorrido relativo</b>	$R_R = [\max\{x_1, \dots, x_k\} - \min\{x_1, \dots, x_k\}]/\bar{x}$
			<b>Recorrido semi-intercuartílico</b>	$R_S = (Q_3 - Q_1)/(Q_1 + Q_3)$
<b>Mediana</b>	No agrupada en intervalos	$N_i = N/2$	$Me = (x_i + x_{i+1})/2$	<b>Coeficiente de variación de Pearson</b>
		$N_i > N/2$	$Me = x_i$	$Z = \frac{X - \bar{x}}{S}$
	Agrupada en intervalos	$N_i = N/2$	$Me = L_i$	<b>Coeficiente de asimetría de Fisher</b>
		$N_i > N/2$	$Me = L_{i-1} + \frac{N/2 - N_{i-1}}{n_i} \cdot c_i$	<b>Coeficiente de asimetría de Yule-Bowley</b>
<b>Moda</b>	Agrupada en intervalos	$Mo = L_{i-1} + \frac{n_{i+1}}{n_{i-1} + n_{i+1}} \cdot c_i$		$g_1 = \frac{m_3}{S^3} = \frac{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^k (x_i - \bar{x})^3 n_i}{(S^2)^{3/2}}$
		$Mo = L_{i-1} + \frac{d_{i+1}}{d_{i-1} + d_{i+1}} \cdot c_i$		
<b>Cuantiles</b> Cuartiles ( $Q_r$ ): $k = 4, r = 1, 2, 3$ Deciles ( $D_r$ ): $k = 10, r = 1, \dots, 9$ Percentiles ( $P_r$ ): $k = 100, r = 1, \dots, 99$	No agrupada en intervalos	$N_i = (r/k)N$	$Cr_{r/k} = \frac{x_i + x_{i+1}}{2}$	$IG = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{k-1} (p_i - q_i)}{\sum_{i=1}^{k-1} p_i}$
		$N_i > (r/k)N$	$Cr_{r/k} = x_i$	
	Agrupada en intervalos	$N_i = (r/k)N$	$Cr_{r/k} = L_i$	
		$N_i > (r/k)N$	$Cr_{r/k} = L_{i-1} + \frac{(r/k) \cdot N - N_{i-1}}{n_i} \cdot c_i$	
		$p_i = \frac{N_i}{N} \cdot 100$		$q_i = \frac{u_i}{u_k} \cdot 100$

**Bloque II. Análisis conjunto de dos variables**

<b>Independencia estadística</b>	$n_{ij} = \frac{n_i \cdot n_j}{N} \quad \forall i,j$	<b>Covarianza</b>	$S_{XY} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^k \sum_{j=1}^h (x_i - \bar{x})(y_j - \bar{y})n_{ij} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^k x_i \sum_{j=1}^h y_j n_{ij} - \bar{x}\bar{y}$		
<b>Coeficiente de correlación lineal</b>	$r_{XY} = \frac{S_{XY}}{S_X \cdot S_Y}$	<b>Rectas de regresión lineal</b>	$y - \bar{y} = \frac{S_{XY}}{S_X^2}(x - \bar{x})$	$x - \bar{x} = \frac{S_{XY}}{S_Y^2}(y - \bar{y})$	
<b>Coeficiente de determinación</b>	$R_{XY}^2 = r_{XY}^2$				
<b>ATRIBUTOS</b>					
<b>Coeficiente básico de dependencia</b>	$D = \frac{n_{11}n_{22} - n_{12}n_{21}}{N} = n_{11} - \frac{n_{1.} \times n_{.1}}{N}$	<b>Coeficiente de asociación Q de Yule</b>	$Q = \frac{n_{11}n_{22} - n_{12}n_{21}}{n_{11}n_{22} + n_{12}n_{21}} = \frac{N \cdot D}{n_{11}n_{22} + n_{12}n_{21}}$		
<b>Estadístico chi-cuadrado</b>	$\chi^2 = \sum_{i=1}^k \sum_{j=1}^h \frac{(n_{ij} - e_{ij})^2}{e_{ij}}$	<b>Coeficiente de contingencia</b>	$C = \sqrt{\frac{\chi^2}{N + \chi^2}}$	<b>Coeficiente V de Cramer</b>	$V = \sqrt{\frac{\chi^2}{N[\min(k, h) - 1]}}$
<b>Coeficiente de correlación por rangos de Spearman</b>		$\rho = 1 - \frac{6}{N(N^2 - 1)} \sum_{i=1}^n d_i^2$			
<b>Bloque III. Análisis de las variables a lo largo del tiempo</b>					
<b>Índices simples</b>	$I_{t/0} = \frac{x_t}{x_0} \cdot 100$	<b>Tasa de variación absoluta</b>	$\nabla x_t = x_t - x_{t-1}$		
<b>Índices en cadena</b>	$I_{t/t-1} = \frac{x_t}{x_{t-1}} \cdot 100$	<b>Tasa de variación relativa</b>	$\dot{x}_t = \left( \frac{x_t - x_{t-1}}{x_{t-1}} \right) \cdot 100 = \left( \frac{x_t}{x_{t-1}} - 1 \right) \cdot 100$		
<b>Cambio de base</b>	$I_{t/t''} = \frac{I_{t/t'}}{I_{t''/t'}}$	<b>Tasa media acumulativa de un periodo</b>	$r_{t_1/t_2} = \left[ \left( \frac{x_{t_2}}{x_{t_1}} \right)^{\frac{1}{t_2-t_1}} - 1 \right] \cdot 100$		
<b>Deflactación</b>	$\frac{\text{Magnitud del año } t \text{ a precios constantes}}{\text{(base 0)}} = \frac{\text{Magnitud del año } t \text{ a precios corrientes}}{I_{t/0}}$				

**Bloque IV. Cálculo de probabilidades**

<b>Regla de Laplace</b>	$\Pr(A) = \frac{\text{Número de casos favorables}}{\text{Número de casos posibles}}$	<b>Teorema de la probabilidad total</b>	$\Pr(A) = \sum_{i=1}^n \Pr(A B_i) \cdot \Pr(B_i)$
<b>Probabilidad condicionada</b>	$\Pr(A B) = \frac{\Pr(A \cap B)}{\Pr(B)}$	<b>Teorema de Bayes</b>	$\Pr(B_i   A) = \frac{\Pr(A B_i) \cdot \Pr(B_i)}{\Pr(A)}$