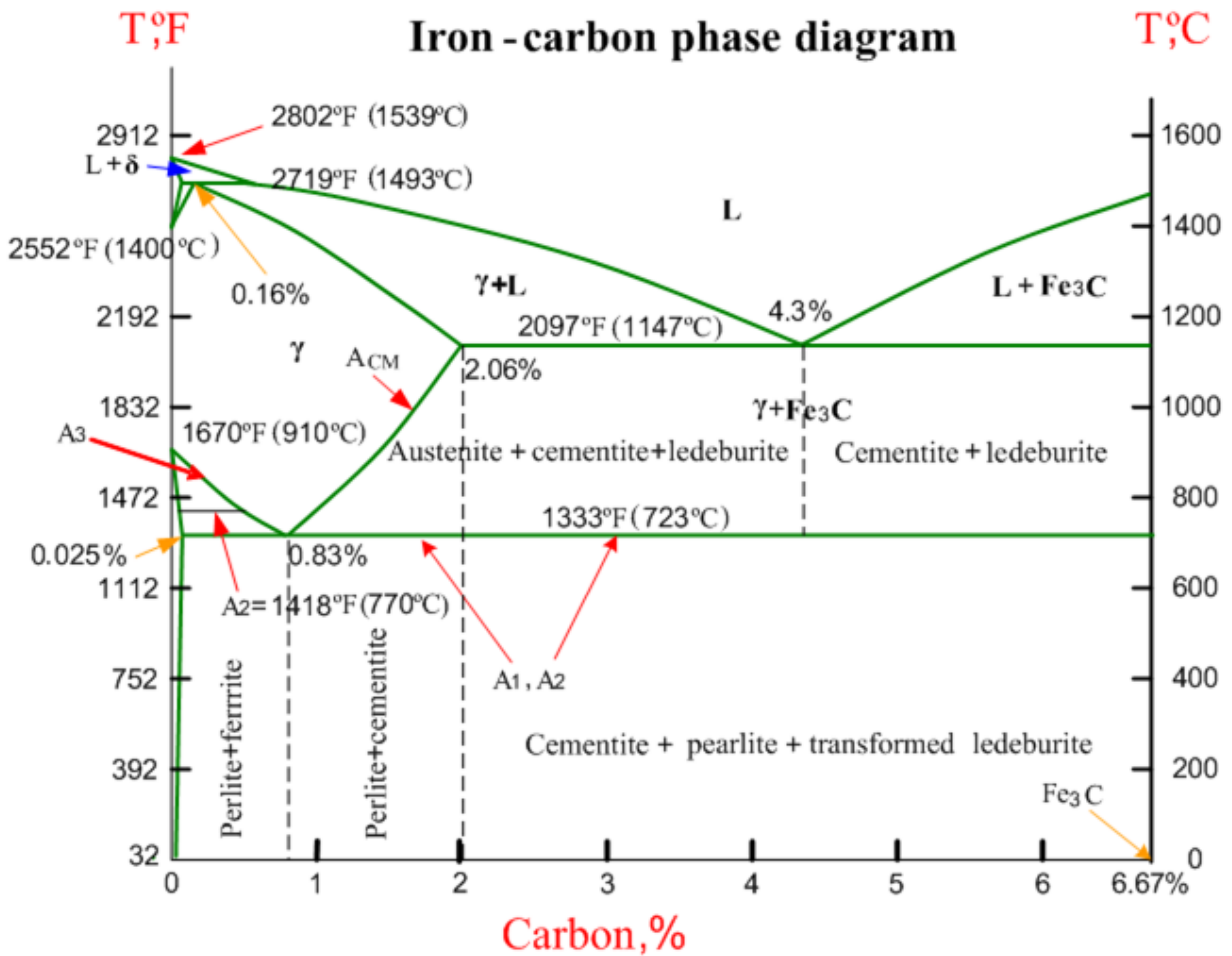


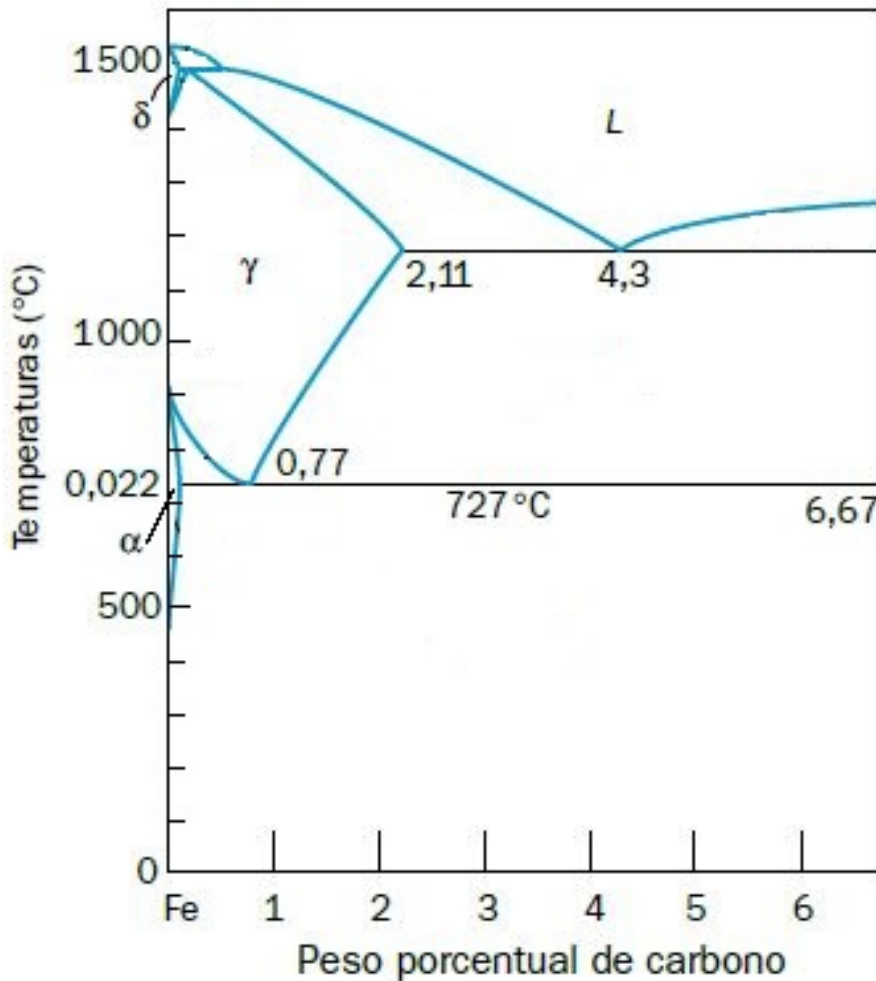
### IRON – CARBON ALLOYS

1. Considering the following Fe – C diagram:

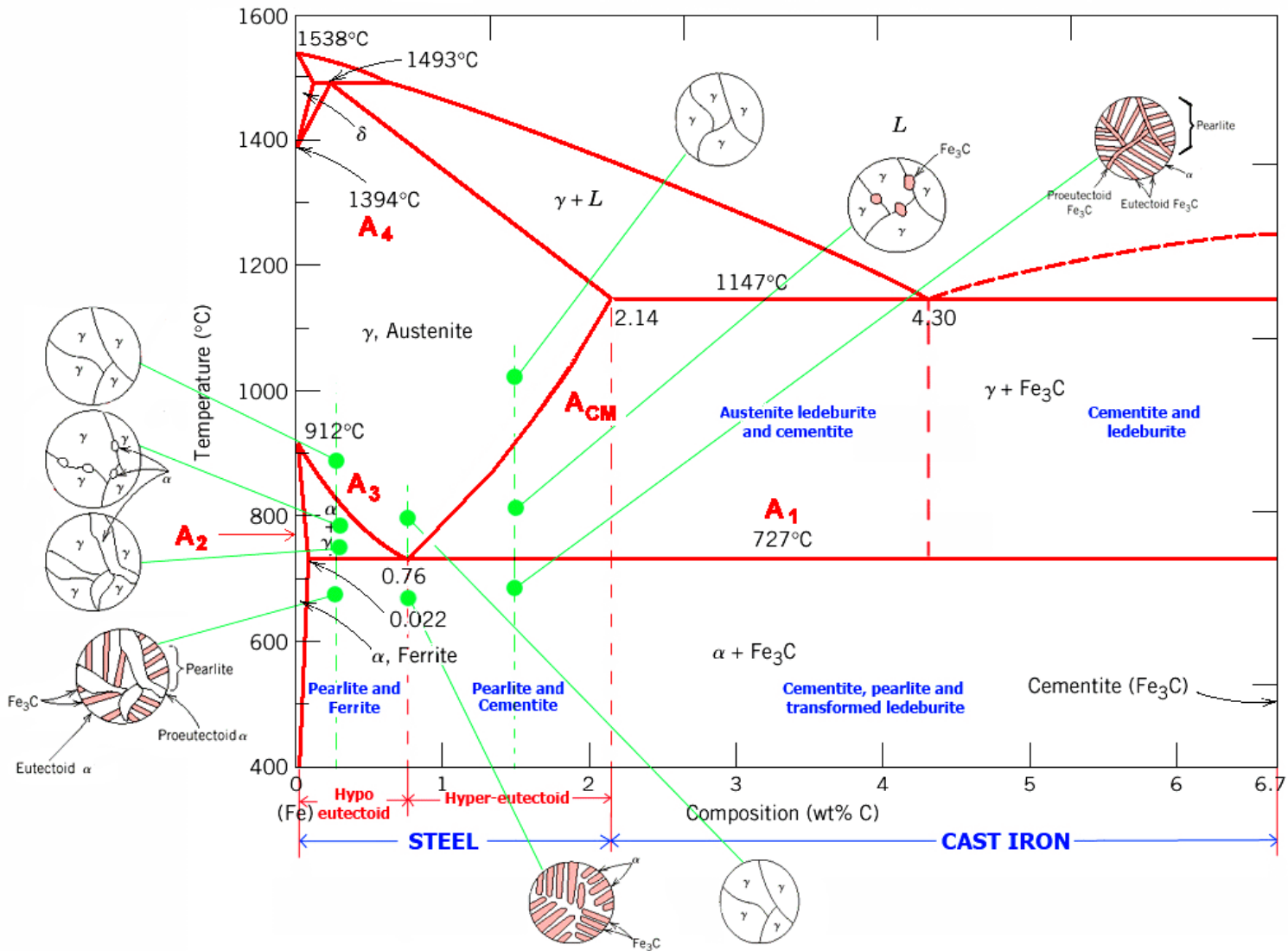


- Determine the percentages of total perlite, proeutectoid ferrite, proeutectoid cementite, eutectoid ferrite and total cementite in a hypoeutectoid Steel containing 0.4% of Carbon, just immediately under the eutectoid temperature and at room temperature.
- Indicate the triple points, pointing their coordinates of temperature and composition.
- Determine the carbon content of a hypereutectoid Steel that has 85% of perlite and 15% of proeutectoid cementite.
- Draw a schematic of the microstructures of both steels [sections a) and b)] at room temperature.

2. Considering the following Fe – Fe<sub>3</sub>C diagram, and knowing the solubility of C en in Fe at room temperature of **0,008%**, determine:

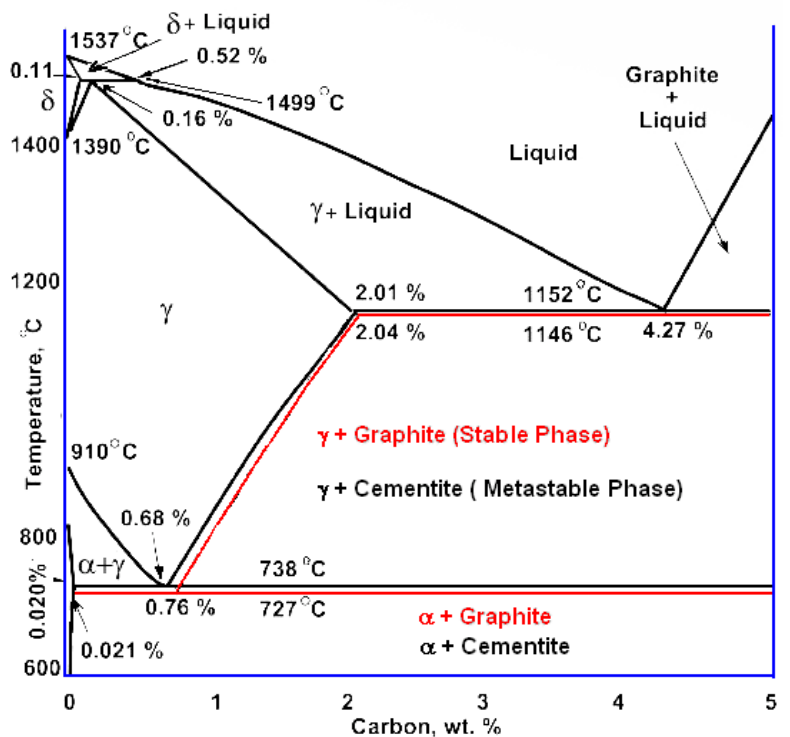


- Chemical composition of austenite at 800°C for these three steels:  
 0,3% C  
 0.77% C  
 1.4% C
- Microstructure of the aforementioned three steels (0.3%C, 0.77%C, 1.4%C) at 800°C and at room temperature.
- Percentage of pearlite at room temperature for the three steels (0.3%C, 0.77%C, 1.4%C).
- A certain steel needs its temperature to be risen up to 1100°C in order to obtain an structure 100% γ. Determine its phases porcentaje at 1000°C.
- If from a ton of this steel (section d) it is intended to obtain an steel that has an structure 100% γ at 1000°C, ¿what should be done?, ¿add Fe or C?, ¿How many kilos should be added?
- Carbon content of an hipoeutectoid steel having 40% of pearlite.



Iron-carbon Phase Diagram

- **A<sub>1</sub>:** The upper limit of the ferrite / cementite phase field (horizontal line going through the eutectoid point).
- **A<sub>2</sub>:** The temperature where iron loses its magnetism (so-called **Curie temperature**). Note that for pure iron this is still in the  $\alpha$ -phase.
- **A<sub>3</sub>:** The boundary between the  $\gamma$  austenite and the austenite/ ferrite field.
- **A<sub>4</sub>:** The point in this case where  $\alpha$  changes to  $\delta$  at high temperatures.
- **ACM:** The boundary between the  $\gamma$  austenite and the austenite / cementite field.



Extracted from:  
[https://www.tf.uni-kiel.de/matwis/amat/iss/kap\\_6/illustr/s6\\_1\\_2.html](https://www.tf.uni-kiel.de/matwis/amat/iss/kap_6/illustr/s6_1_2.html)

Iron - carbon phase diagram in comparison to the iron cementite phase diagram