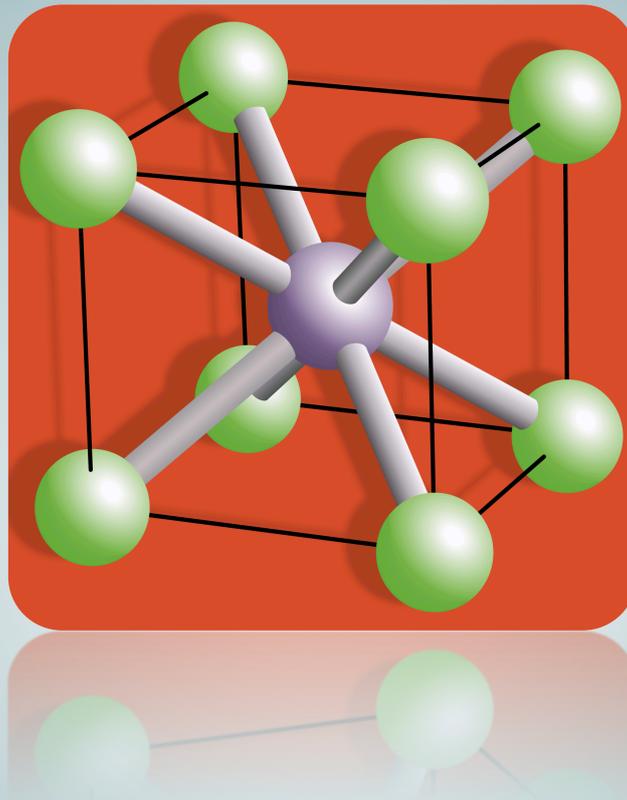


# Materials

## Test 01. Topic 1 - Topic 3



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1 <sup>st</sup> Test MATERIALS. L1-L3		N <sup>o</sup>	Mark
ACADEMIC YEAR:	Date:		
Surname:	Name:		

**Shade** the correct box considering that, at least, one of them is valid. **(10 minutes)**

- 1.- The elastic strain obtained on applying a stress to a material
  - has dimensions of length
  - is non-permanent once the stress has ceased
  - is inversely proportional to the stress
  - is dimensionless
  
- 2.- Poisson's ratio
  - is usually expressed as a percentage
  - is the ratio of transverse strain to tensile strain
  - can be negative
  - can only be used during elastic deformation
  
- 3.- The elastic modulus or Young's modulus is
  - represented with the letter E
  - high in flexible materials
  - measured in units of stress
  - dimensionless
  
- 4.-Steel is more resistant than aluminium because the first one:
  - has higher elastic modulus
  - shows lower yield strength
  - is less deformable
  - has higher yield strength
  
- 5.-A glass is
  - partially crystalline
  - amorphous
  - monocrystalline
  - crystalline and, therefore, transparent
  
- 6.-The number of atoms per unit cell in the FCC structure
  - are 2 atoms
  - are 74%
  - is determined based on the volume of the atoms
  - none of the previous ones
  
- 7.-Silica, SiO<sub>2</sub>,
  - displays allotropic forms at different temperatures
  - amorphous is quartz
  - crystalline is transparent
  - none of the previous ones
  
- 8.-In a crystal structure, we denote by
  - {u v w} the lattice directions
  - (h, k, l) the lattice planes
  - [u v w] the families of directions
  - {h k l} the families of planes
  
- 9.-The [110] direction in a BCC unit cell:
  - is perpendicular to the [001] direction
  - crosses the centre of 3 atoms
  - is perpendicular to one of the edges of the cube
  - none of the previous ones
  
- 10.-Polymers always present
  - random arrangement of molecular chains
  - covalent bonds between carbon atoms
  - long chain structure
  - low Young's modulus.